Scraps and facts.

Covernment control of the ferti - towernment control of the Teth-izer industry has ordered by Presi-cleal Alason Wednesday night in a poseismation requiring manufacturers and distributors to obtain licenses from the serietary of agriculture on or before March 29. Authority for the net is contained in the food con-trol law. Licenses must be obtained not only by makers, importers, stor-ers and sellers of fertilizer itself, but of its ingredients as well. Applica-tions for license will be made to the food administrator, but they will be is-sued by Secretary Houston, who is charged in the preclamation with en-forcement of regulations to be issued. Forty-four of the 136 soals on

Forement of regulations to be issued.

Forty-four of the 1.35 soils on tourd the Red Cross liner Florizel, which went ashore on the redges north of Cape Race last Sanday, have been saved and 9.2 have been lost. Of the result of Monday stood at 9.2. Shortly afte, the Florizel went on the ledges, a detachment of naval gunners was able to shoot a line abourd, but the people were too weak and exhausted to even attempt to make the line fost. Later the government life saving ship Prospero was able to get close enough to take off the survivors at tremendous risk and with great dif-

A complete economic agreement has been reached between the United States and Norway, as the result of which the United States is to allow which the United States is to allow certain food supplies to go to Norway along with supplies of other kinds on the understanding that Norway is not to allow any of these supplies to get into Germany. Norway also agrees not to send to Germany any other supplies of which she may have a surplus by reason of shipments from the United States. Norway has not surpendered everything, however. She will continue to ship to Germany the various products she produces in larger quantities than are necessary for her own requirements, including

or her day frequency for her day from the surgeon general at Washington, mentions the great value of the garments volunteer Red Cross workers are making in the United States for the American expeditionary forces. The messags contains Gen. Persings appreciation of the work done. It recommends that the medical department accept an offer of 100,000 convolescent uniforms which has been made by American women. General Persings calls attention to the fact that the medical department is Pershing calls attention to the fact that the modical department is buying great quantities of pajamas, operating gowns, bathrobes and con-valescent suits in the open market, when the Red cross has offered to supply the articles graits. This is likely to result in duplication of the supply and an unnecessary demand likely to result in duplication of the supply and an unnecessary demand for tomage. Gen. Pershing says the work done by American women is of service in promoting the morale of the army and also is of value because it releases rommercial labor for other

Three American soldiers were kill-ed and nine badly "gased" in two for-micable gas attacks made by the Germans on the American positions in the Toul sector last Tuesday morn-ing with projectors. The enemy also heavily hombarded the American hat-teries with gas shells but without re-sult. Only the excellent preparatory training in quickness by the Ameri-can troops prevented the projector attacks, the first experienced by them, from causing more casuatties. The attacks were made within 10 minutes of each other and were directed at Three American soldiers were killof each other and were directed at a certain wood. Seventy-tive eight-inch shells of 80 per cent gas and 20 inch shells of 80 per cent gas and 20 high explosive shells were fired from German minewerfer. The flight of the projectiles was traced through the absolute gas shells bursting in the air and the high explosives detomating when they came in contact with the earth. Large fragments of shells flew from both missiles. The gas caught some of the men before they were able to adjust their masks and overcame others while they were askeep in dugouts.

- General price-fixing on agricul-- General products is not a part of the policy of the food administration and will not be attempted. Food Adminiswill not be attempted. Food Adminis-trator Hoover has announced in a statement designed to reassure farm-ers apprehensive that the government might set maximum prices on what they have to sell. "There appears to be a great deal of misinformation cir-culated amongst the agricultural communities as to the policy and scope of the food administration with relation to price-fixing," said Mr. Hoover, "I to price-fixing," said Mr. Hoover, I wish to say at once, and emphatically, that the food administration is not a price-fixing body except with regard to certain commodities which are to-day dominated by wholly abnormal overseas commercial relations, and the surrounding factors with regard to which are such as to project great dangers both against the farming community and at the same time the consuming community. The two com-modities under regulation are sugar consuming community, in a sugar and wheat. With the further exception of cases in which it has intervened purely as a friendly intermediary between organized producers and consumers, the food administration has no sumers, the food administration has a authority and no desire to fix prices on the products of agriculture. The food administration has been actively engaged in the elimination of pro-fiteering and speculation in the dis-tributing trades by regulating the prohits on a pre-war basis."

- A bill providing for the 1920 cen — A bill providing for the 1920 census will be reported in a few days by the house census committee. It became known this week that the organization for the collection of the statistics will be larger than ever. Supervisors and enumerators of population and agriculture probably will number between \$5,000 and 90,000 and for manufacturers, mines and qu. roes under separate supervision, there will be 1,500 employees in the field, with from 1,000 to 5,000 clerks and with from 1,000 to 5,000 clerks and other employees in the census office. The bill is expected to follow recommendations of a special committee ap-pointed by the director of the census which suggested that the Philippines. not included in the 13th c should not be included in the should not be included in the 140 and that a census of the Virgin Island is now in progress and another one is immecessary in 1920. In Guam, Samoa and the Panama Canal zone special censuses can readily be taken at small cost if congress orders it, the committee also retee reported. The committee also re-commended that the new census be extended to show the nationality of mother tongue of all persons in this country born in foreign countries and country born in foreign congue of for-eign born parents. It suggests that the population enumeration be based on January 1, 1920, instead of April 15, as in the past, that there be a biennial census of the products of manufacturing industries and that census of animals slaughtered be dispensed with as approximately accurate conclusions regarding meat and hide production can be reached from other

Details of the Franco-American raid in the Chemin des Dames, Sat-urday show that 26 picked Amerian soldiers participated, after every member of their battalion had volun-teered. The Americans moved for-ward cagerly to the attack behind a barrage fire, the first time this has been done by our troops. Some of the Americans made captures and others chased Prussian troops through the trenches as far as 750 meters, going beyond the objectives sought. The raid had been planned carefully and rehearsals were held the day before. The barrage fire began at 5.30 o'clock in the morning and continued until 6.35, guns of all calibre taking part. The Americans among the 100 in the attacking party were surprised at the precision with which the French shells fell and went a little faster than they should have and were within 30 yards of the dropping shells when they reached the enemy lines. Relief had just been completed in the German just been completed in the derinal trenches and officers were making the rounds. The Germans took shelter in a dugout roofed with rails and sand-bags. A French shell made a direct hit and the enemy scattered about the ench. At the same moment mericans and French jumped was some hand to hand fighting but the entire party at this point was captured. The raiders chased the enemy out of other shelters and along communicating trenches without catching any. There was some critiof the fact that the Americans course, we have no especial objection

risoners started back across no man and on schedule time but were caught in a German counterbarrage. One enemy shell wounded five Germans and six Frenchmen but no Americans. The prisoners were from 16 to 40 years old and apparently under-nourshed but said that food was plentiful in the trenches. Their stories, however, aroused suspicion. Most of the prisoners formerly worked in factories or on farms

The Morkville Enquirer.

Entered at the Postoffice at York as Mail Matter of the Second Class.



YORK, S. C .: FRIDAY, MARCH 1, 1918.

Why, of course "Old Glory" is the Bonnie Blue Flag." Who says she

Stop splitting hairs about how much flour you can get. Go ahead and do with as little flour as possible. You an do with almost none and the less you do with the better for you and the better for the American cause.

To win the war one side or the oth for her own requirements, including steel, hides, fish, etc. e must break through the western front. The much heralded drive of Hindenburg has not yet occurred. The Allies are going to have to make drive there sooner or later if Hindenburg does not, and somehow we believe Hindenburg is going to leave it to the Allies, Hindenburg cannot break that western front.

Why, of course we can get along aithout flour and if we do not have to suffer any more inconvenience than that, this war will be a picnic so far as eating is concerned. But we are going to need a much larger corn crop this year. Mules and horses do not thrive on western corn, and human beings cannot expect to thrive on it

There is very little need for those school district food administrators yet. The country has not yet begun to feel any pinch but when the pinch does begin to come, the need for the food administrators will loom up big, So don't make the mistake of looking upon the food administrator as a detective or spy into your affairs. Look upon him as as your friend and give him all the support and assistance in your power.

The shipments of flour have already fallen off tremendously, and they are still falling. As matters now stand he retailer cannot get flour from the wholesaler unless he has other cereals to cover. The wholesaler will simply not ship. There are plenty of other ereals; but there is no satisfactory way by which the retailer can convince the wholesaler that he has them. There is no use to worry about the situations. If the retailer has no flour, buy something else.

Dispatches from Europe report growing tension between Austria and Germany because of Austria's alleged refusal to take part in the German drive against Russia and Roumania. the conneror of Austria is afraid that his polyglot peoples will not stand for such a drive. Some of the Allies appear to be taking encouragement from the situation. As to whether there is any probability of a real split is not altogether clear; but if the split actually occurs it will mean considerable embarrassment for Germany.

Somebody started a fool story to the effect that canceled postage stamps were redeemable on account of the dye in the inks with which they were printed and suggested that they saved for the Red Cross. About the dy value there is to canceled postage stamps is one cent a pound for the paper stock they contain, and so far as saving them is concerned there would be almost as much profit in skinning fleas for their hide and tallow. About the best way to help the Red Cross is to go down into the breeches pockets for dimes, dollars, and bills of larger denomination.

It was common a few years ago to hear the United States referred to as a non-warlike people—a nation of "shop-keepers" and the like. That was because we had no standing army and we were not dominated by militarism. But we are not hearing so much of that kind of stuff now, and we are not feeling it either. The it and how they are going to get it, first draft of 680,000 men has pretty well turned the attention of this country to war, and by the time another 500,000 men are in the camps we will be feeling like the United States has been at war always. And when this country does get down to war as its principal business, which it is rapidly doing, then it will be for all others to stand from under.

People of the country will do well not to misunderstand the status and purposes of the food administration in its efforts to take a census of the flour of the county. The food administrators are all United States government officials, working without pay. The family that has in excess of 30 days' supply of flour on hand stands in violation of the law and the head of such family is liable to punishment. That is where the flour has been obtained from the regular channels of trade. The government has no present idea of taking anybody's flour or punishing anybody-unless that anybody should show a tendency to hold back and conceal. That kind of conduct is calculated to make trouble and severe trouble. The understanding is that the food administrators, all neighbors and friends, will be as accommodating as possible in the discharge of their duties. Where they can, it is their purpose to canvass their districts for the information desired, but heads of families should remember that the burden is upon them rather than upon their food administrators. Where the district food administrator overlooks any head of a family who has more than thirty days' supply of flour, it will be well for that head of that family to look up the food administrator and report.

Somehow we have an idea that the peace proposals is to make the Germans think we are afraid of them. Of

were so enthusiastic that they went beyond the objectives. The raiders and they want to, for they are going to find out differently. But there are very few people outside of America who can understand or appreciate the American idea. When British, French. Germans or Japanese have been sucessful at arms they have held on to what they got. That is their idea of what they fight for. The United States fought Spain for the liberty of uba, and although the United States could have easily annexed Cuba if it had seen fit to do so, it set Cuba free. The Philippines also fell into the hands of the United States and the United States has never had any other idea than to give the Filipinos their independence as soon as they have een educated to a point where there will be reasonable assurance of their capacity for self-government. Amerians joined in the punitive expedition against the Boxers of China, and when the Chinese were made to pay heavy indemnity the United States returned her part. Other governments did not understand such action and even the Chinese did not understand at first. We are in this war in exactly the same spirit, notwithstanding the fact that Germany was at peace with us, her rulers murdered our people on the high seas, and in this we saw that unless we punished Germany nothing we had would be safe. That is all we are in the war for-to show Germany that we are not a people to be trifled with and we are going to show her just that. After we have taught this lesson, we After we have taught this lesson, we are going to get down to our business again; but we are not going to let up until Germany as well as the balance of the world has learned that when the United States of America go to war, they know what they want and they will not stop short of exactly what is right.

The principal obstacle to the de-

velopment of the state warehouse law

along the lines to the full measure of the plans in the mind of its father, the Hon. John L. McLaurin, was the rapidity with which its complete practicability was being developed. There was opposition of course to every step in the procedure, partly because people who were getting the profits that Mr. McLaurin wanted to save to the cotton producers were loath to give up those profits, and partly for fear that success of the warehouse would put all the little 2x4 politicians at the mercy of Mr. McLaurin. Most of these little fellows sensed the difference in their calibres as compared with Mr. McLaurin, and like De Foe's game cock in a stable with blooded stallions, began to sing out, "Take care, gentlemen, lest we tread upon each other." But it was the insurance development that first brought matters to a climax. When a certain class of people began to realize what Mr. McLaurin was doing along this line. As the total American war savings are now in excess of \$70,000,000 and are averaging nearly \$2,000,000 they speculated among themselves as comes the Banks bill passed at the last session of the general assembly and calculated to furnish cotton insurance almost without cost to anybody. The bill has not yet been signed, and it is possible that it will not be signed. It will certainly not be signed if the insurance trust can have its way; but if it is signed it will mean big things for the future development of the state warehouse system along the lines originally blood.

Miss Frances Adickes wo is teaching in Camden, visited her mother, have its wighting the lines of the state warehouse system along the lines originally blood.

Miss Frances Adickes was is teaching in Camden, visited her mother, have been along the lines of the state warehouse system. Miss Rita Witherspoon, who has tem along the lines originally blocked Insurance of the farmers' cotton in the faringers' warehouse almost without cost to the faringer will put the farmer in a stronger position to hold his cotton than he has ever been. He will have an advantage over cotton speculators and others and the insurance trust will have to take a back seat. But let us wait and see if that bill is going to be signed.

Labor and the War. American labor is not satisfied with conditions as they exist in this country, and the man who thinks it is satisfied has very little conception of its ideals and aspirations.

We are speaking now of the ideals and aspirations of organized labor, as represented by the American Federation of Labor and kindred organiza-

tions. Organized union labor looks to higher standards of living for labor generally, and more generous recognition of the importance of labor in the economic and social development of

this great country of ours and in the progress of civilization. The brightest and best minds among labor leaders have well defined ideas as to what they want, why they want and these leaders have the sympathy and support of all the more intelligent element in the labor world.

But there is a tremendous preponderance of good common sense among the labor leaders of the United States and as much genuine patriotism among the working classes generally of this country as there is among any

other class in any country. The labor of this country is not thoroughly satisfied with the treatment it has been receiving and it is not going to put up with the indefinite continuance of that treatment; but if any class of the American people fails in the crisis with which the country is now confronted, we do not believe it will be the laboring class.

Up to the present time the buccaneering profiteers of high finance have contributed a great deal more to the embarrassment of the administration than has organized labor, and it is these same buccaneering profiteers who are still responsible for most of the difficulties that are being

encountered. Organized labor of America understands very clearly that the machin-ery of this government affords just and equal means for the attainment of all rights to which it is entitled and it also understands that those rights will be all the more responsible and all the more permanent when attained by peaceful and orderly means.

American labor is not going to throw the fat in the fire as the deluded Russians have done. It is not going to overturn by violence a government that it is fully capable of controlling by legitimate peaceful means. It is going to do its full part in esablishing the supremacy of right and justice-in perpetuating the liberty it now enjoys, and after the war is over principal effect of the president's it is going on in the future as in the past, working out to ideal perfection the problems with which it is confronted.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

ters of administration on the estate of John M. Roberts, deceased.
L. I. Guion, Pres.—Invites you to attend the seventeenth annual meeting of the S. C. Live Stock association and auction sale of hogs in Columbia on March 13th and 14th.
Peoples National Bank, Rock Hill—Has been appointed agent for the York county allotments of nitrate of soda, and will receive payments for York county soda sales.
Rock Hill Fertilizer Co., Rock Hill—Urges you to use fertilizer freely and can supply you with its goods on short notice and assures prompt delivery.
A. M. McGill, Yorkville No. 1—Will have several attractive offerings for his patrons to

A. M. Mctill, Yorkville No. 1—Win have sec-eral attractive offerings for his patrons to-morrow—Saturday. A special offering on Octagon soap, James Bros.—Received a car of mules Tuesday and expect other shipments this week. They invite you to come and see them Monday— salesday.

satesday. oan and Savings Bank-Reminds you that if

Loan and Savings Bank—Reminds you that if you are not saving a part of your earnings you are on the down grade financially. It will assist you in saving.

F. F. Dalley Corporation—On page four tells you how "2-in-1" shoe polish will keep your shoes neat. Sold everywhere, 10 cents.

E. Lawrence Co.—Says that "Gets-It" will remove your corns. Sold everywhere, 25c. See page four.

Reilly-Taylor Co.—Want you to know more of the good qualities of Luzianne coffee. Sold by your grocer. See page four.

Buckeye Cotton Oil Co.—Points the way to cheaper feeding of your cattle by the use of Buckeye lintless hulls. See page four.

\$100, but almost anybody can buy a savings stamp for \$4.14, the price for March, and draw a cent a month interest on it, compounded quarterly. And anybody who can pay for one of these stamps either by means of 25 cent installment or in a lump of \$4.14 should have at least one.

Those who have made application for nitrate will be notified direct from Washington as to their allotments and they will be expected to remit promptly. All payments are to go through the People's National bank of Rock the People' Washington as to their allotments and the People's National bank of Rock Hill, and may be sent there either di-rect or through the bank with which purchasers have arranged to take care of their purchases.

Receipts from the sale of war savings stamps in this country are already exceeding those from the same source in Great Britain, figures made public by the national war savings

Mr. W. B. Induce of school district.

No. 22, took occasion to make a suggestion to this effect: "In work of this kind there is more or less need of ready exceeding those from the same committee show. For the past four weeks total receipts at the treasury from this source were \$40,000,000 as against \$37,000,000 in Great Britain. As the total American war savings are now in excess of \$70,000,000 and

Miss Rita Witherspoon, who has been visiting her sister, Mrs. J. M. Hemphill in Chester, has returned to er home in Yorkville. Mr. and Mrs. M. F. Cobb, who have been boarling with Mrs. J. R. Ashe, have moved to the Fowler house on King's Mountain street.

Mrs. W. F. Marshall of Yorkville was called to Anderson, Tuesday by the death of Mr. J. B. Marshall, who was killed in a wreck near

CLASSIFIED IN THE DRAFT.

The total registration under the urisdiction of Local Board No. 2 or-urisdiction of Local Board No. 2 or-urisdic jurisdiction of Local Board No. 2 originally included 1,902 men; but through additions the number now

stands at 1,909. The following have been added since the original registration: William Brown McKinney, James Sanders, Henry Banks Hope, Harold Wade Brown, Talmadge De Witt Nance, Fred Douglas Nance, Hamp

l'agan. The board on Wednesday gave o statement of its classification wor

s follows: Number in Class 1 Number in Class 2 Number in Class 3 Number in Class 4 Number in Class 5 111 1.864

Of the original registration,

-A soldier who gave his name Samuel Sciascia, and who says he b longs to the 38th infantry at Camer Greene, Charlotte, was committed to jail yesterday as a deserter. - Mr. J. F. McElwee, Food Admin

strator for the Western Division York county, has appointed Mr. Geo. W. Wiliams food administrator Yorkville School District No. 11.

- There was an income tax expo There was an income the true the Loan and Savings bank is Wednesday; but through some over the bank had not been a sight his coming had not been nounced and he had little work to He said that Collector Heyward wo probably send another man place on another date.

- Mrs. M. E. Nichols, the pe master, advises that as a means stimulating movement of farm pr ducts to the consumer. Postmast General Burleson has increased t allowable weight of parcel post pe

-The following local and firms in addition to the land postoffice and W. B. Moore acting as agents for the sale of t and war savings stamps as the re-of the recent canvass by the teach of the town: Carroll Supply Co., M. McCloud, J. M. Brian, McCon M. McCloud, J. M. Brian, McCont Dry Goods Co., York Furniture (John Demas, I. W. Johnson, Clin Brothers, York Supply Co., Barron Hart, Mackorell-Hart Co., T. Speck, W. E. Ferguson, Kirkpatris Belk Co.

FOOD ADMINISTRATION Food administrators of the wes division of York county, met in

courthouse last Tuesday morning

LOCAL AFFAIRS, suant to a call from Mr. J. F. McElwee, the chairman, and discussed the situation sufficiently to get a comprehensive grasp of the work in hand.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

Carroll Bros.—Suggest that you can save \$10 to \$20 by buying a wagon, mower or rake now. A few stalk cutters at low price. Sherer & Quinn—Are ready to supply your table with groceries of quality. Some things they have in stock. Seed Irish potatoes.

Star Theatre—Presents an interesting programme of dramas and comedies for today, tomorrow and Monday.

R. L. McCorkle, York No. 6—Offers a young mule for sake. Price right.

Newman Machin e Co.. Greensboro, N. C.—Wants to employ molders and machinists. Permanent positions.

W. B. Camp. Clover—Is looking for an estray collie bitch. Disappeared last Saturday. He will pay expenses of return to him.

W. B. Moore—Is a local agent for the sale of Thrift Stamps and urges you to buy them, or see and talk to him about the attractiveness of stamps as an investment.

L. R. Williams, Probate Judge—Gives notice that J. S. Mackorell has applied for letters of administration on the estate of S. L. Davidson, deceased.

L. R. Williams, Probate Judge—Gives notice that George T. Roberts has applied for letters of administration on the estate of John M. Roberts, deceased.

L. I. Guion, Fres.—Invites you to attend the

with regard to the use of meal, etc. One of the questions was like this: "A man has a certificate from a mill showing that he has 100 pounds of meal. On that certificate he has a right to buy 100 pounds of flour. Suppose he should buy only 50 pounds of flour at one time, would he be allowed to buy another 50 pounds on the same certificate at another time?" Chairman McElwee's answer is substantially comprehended in the following:

ng:
"The idea of the government is to reduce the use of flour to the lowest possible minimum. To that end the food administration has laid down a rule under which every individual is Loan and Savings Bank—Reminds you that if you are not saving a part of your earnings you are on the down grade financially. It will assist you in saving.

F. F. Dalley Corporation—On page four tells you how "2-in-1" shoe polish will keep your shoes neat. Sold everywhere, 10 cents.

E. Lawrence Co.—Says that "Gets-1t" will remove your corns. Sold everywhere, 25c. See page four.

Reily-Taylor Co.—Want you to know more of the good qualities of Lurianne coffee. Sold by your grocer. See page four.

Buckeye Cotton Oil Co.—Points the way to cheaper feeding of your cattle by the use of Buckeye lintless hulls. See page four.

Everybody cannot buy a war—savings certificate of the par value of \$100, but almost anybody can buy a strain a point in the effort to conserve his supposed share of the flour. The

strain a point in the effort to conserve his supposed share of the flour. The administration wants him to use as little flour as possible and the smaller the quantity of flour he uses, provided he is properly nourished with other cereals, the better he will please the food administration."

With reference to the proposed census of the flour on hand, Mr. Mc-Elwee said it was not the purpose or desire to take flour away from any would or could do any harm; but we would have gladly taken to ourselve larger share of the injury that was done, if thereby the town could have been saved the injury it has suffered and which it will continue to suffer.

legire to take flour away from an inding out where we are. As to what may be done later will depend upon what the government may consider it best to do; but no hardship of any kind will be imposed upon

mrybody. Mr. W. B. Riddle of school district money for printing, advertising and various other little matters, and somethe absence of provision otherwise, the expense usually falls on one or two individuals and while not so intended, it often works hardship. To

Mr. W. G. Duncan is seriously in thirty days' consumption, and how much ne has in hand, at the present time. He explained, however, that it was not necessary to get reports from anybody except those who had on hand a surplus of flour—more than is necessary to supply their needs for thirty days.

Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Bolin of Yorkville, R. F. D. 6, visited Rev. E. S. Waston at Waxhaw, N. C., last week.

Miss Frances Adickes who is teaching in Canaden, visited her mother, report to Mr. McElwee on or before

farch 9.
Following are the district adminis

trators who were present at the meet ing: T. E. McMackin, J. M. Barnett,

T. E. McMackin, J. M. Barnett,
Mansfield Gordon, E. M. Williams, J.
E. Latham, S. H. Love, J. C. Kirkpatrick, S. V. Aycock, M. R. Falls,
W. P. Whisonant, A. E. Burns, J. J.
McCarter, W. B. Riddle, B. R. Smith,
J. D. Whitesides, F. G. Cook, W. M.
Bigger, T. C. Dunlap, J. J. Plaxico, T.
W. McElwee, W. T. Dowdle, J. K.
dlison, E. W. Pursley, W. W. Whitesides, S. G. Ferguson, J. M. Brice, J.
C. Bell, White Jackson, Jno. F. Smith,
J. A. Maloney, J. W. Pursley.

HERE AND THERE.

"Look here," said a prominent citi-Wil- zen to Here and There a few days ago, "if the people of this county who have corn do not realize that it is valuable, it is time they were learning A negro who came to town for supplies, driving some white man's vagon, drove into my lot and withou hitching out, fed his mules by throw ing fifteen or twenty ears of corn down on the ground in front of them. The mules got as much as they wanted maybe; but I afterward gathered up enough of their leavings to feed a dozen hens two days. That fellow was using his corn as if he did not realize that he might be gled to get of the original registration, but dead, 2 have been transferred, two realize that he might be glad to get the been cancelled and 32 have not the property of the original registration, and the dead, 2 have been classed. have been cancelled and so have yet been classed.

Those in Class 1 are liable to be called as wanted according to order numbers, subject only to rejection and within a very short time physical examination.

WITHIN THE TOWN.

Improve the property of the

The road between Yorkville Clover via Filbert is without doubt the most extensively traveled road in this section. Here and There made trip over the road last Saturday to Clover and return, and found it is very good condition from Yorkville Filbert, in fine shape from Filbert to the top of the hill beyond Allison Creek, owing to the fact that it had recently been dragged, and in barely passable condition from the last named point to about one-fourth mile south of the home of Mr. T. F. Jack-son, and it required some skill to guide the car through the deep ruts made by the hundreds of wheels that had passed along since the first at tempt had been made to go over

after travel was practically suspended between January 26 and February 10. The only evidence of any work on this section recently was that a road machine had been run along the

annoyances are the name of the town of Yorkville from Yorkville to York. This change was made by and at the instance of those geniuses behind the late York News, and principally for the embarrasment of the Yorkville Enquirer. The theory was that The Enquirer. The theory was that The Enquirer would either have to thange its name and thereby lose some of the prestige it had acquired by reason of its age as compared with most other county papers in South Carolina, or continue to remain in an awkward position. There were several American battleship is to have 16-inch awkward position. There were several american battleship is to have 16-inch

that is neither here nor there. It is generally realized now that The En-quirer has not been the worst suffer-MERE MENTION. A British recruiting officer on Tues

more or less annoyance by reason of undelivered mail and other troubles, each comparatively small in itself; but large in the aggregate. For inbut large in the aggregate. For in-stance, a citizen who has a son in the army, a few days ago told the writer a story like this: "My son was in New Orleans when ordered to France, and went to the telegraph of-fice to let us know; but the Western he refused to support a resolution to Union Telegraph company would not receive his message because they had no such office on their book as "rork." The writer states this only "cur," etc. The resolution was adoptfor what it is worth without attempt to explain. Shortly after the change of the name of the town the First National bank began to notice that its bank notes had ceased to come back, and it has now been without the benefit of its circulation for more than two years. Some time ago on the advice of the comptroller of the currency, the bank was advised to change its name and get a new plate for its bank notes. The order has been out for quite a while; but the notes are not yet forthcoming. The expense of making the plate is something like \$100. About the only reason given for changing the health was to save the ink used in the name was for what it is worth without attempt ed by a vote of 50 to 7...........The naval plate is something like \$100. About the only reason given for changing the name was to save the ink used in writing the "rille:" quite a sufficient reason under these existing circumstances, but this \$100 alone would pay for all the ink ever used or ever to be used in the name in whole or in part. The Enquirer stated at the time that letters would be hunting "Yorkville" a hundred years from now More than half the letters we get from without the county, including official letters from Washington are still addressed "Yorkville." At different times of late twenty individuals have proposed to the editor of The Enquirer that a movement be started to restore the proper name of the town. The adthat a movement be started to restore the proper name of the town. The advice of the editor, however, has been that while this change will eventually come of its own accord, the people being literally forced to undo the foolish mistake, there is no use trying to do anything now. It is a matter altogether with the Washington authorities, and they would, under existing conditions, require much better reasons for righting the ewrong than they did for committing the wrong in the first place. Of course we are glad to place. Of course we are glad to know that foolish blow that was struck at The Enquirer did no real harm to the business of the paper. As a matter of fact we never believed it

LOCAL LACONICS A Good Old Negro.

Bell Falls, wife of Jack Falls, of the Bethany neighborhood, died last Friday, aged 76 years. She, with her husband, who is in his 88th year, have long been held in high esteem by the people of the Bethany neighborhood. Lost His House.

The residence of Mr. Newman Rob

New Church Occupied.

The Associate Reformed congrega-tion of Gastonia occupied its new church building last Sunday, with union services, participated in by the other congregations of the town. The occasion also marked the beginning of the 25th anniversary of the pastor Rev the 25th anniversary of the pastor Rev Dr. J. C. Galloway. Addresses of a fraternal nature were made by the various other pastors of the town and Dr. Galloway made a most happy then committed suicide. The Red Cross is to undertake another big the committed suicide.

From Local Board No. 1.

The following negroes were sen down to Camp Jackson last Saturda; from the jurisdiction of Local Board
No. 1: James Carter, Brice Bailey,
Quay Dunlap, Charlie Fewell, Cad McDaniel, Joe Duncan, Wm. Featherstone,
Alonzo Whitlock, Charlie Jennings,
John Edwards, Ernest Jordon, Jim
Oncon Arthur, B. Robinson, Bobert Owens, Arthur R. Robinson, Robert Weeks, William H. Walker, Arnold Harris, John Wm. Murray, Jacob White, Jr., Arthur Miller, Odell Raw-

linson, George Henderson.

Three Deserters Arrested. Rock Hill Herald, Tuesday: Constable Allen and Special Officer White went out to the Indian nation last night and arrested three Pennsylvania troopers, charged with desertion. The men were brought here and locked up pending the arrival of the proper mili-tary officials. The three fellows were husky men and had left their com-mand at Macon some days ago. They were resting up at the nation and intended getting some civilian clothes and making their way northward. It is not known whether their command is still at the Macon camp, or has been sent over.

Fire in Rock Hill. The residence of W. B. Wilson, Jr., was destroyed by fire last Tuesday morning. According to the Herald, morning. According to the Herald, the fire broke out within about ten minutes after Mr. Wilson returned from a trip north, and was discovered by workmen who were engaged in making repairs, and had just crawled out on the roof. The firemen were somewhat slow in coming, because of difficulty in getting in the alarm and the entire upper portion of the house was destroyed before the flames were conquered. There was \$1,500 insurance on the furniture and \$3,000 on the house. The insurance did not fully cover the loss, it is stated. by workmen who were engaged in mak-

Unique Prayer Service.

There was a unique prayer service in Chester last Tuesday, participated in by the South Carolina congregations of the First Associate Reformed Presbytery. It was known as the district prayer service and the place of meeting was in the Associate Reformed Presbyterian church of Yorkville church by Rev. J. L. Oates, Elder J. B. Plaxco, Deacon John A. Marion and Mrs. W. M. Kennedy, Jr.: Bethany, Clover and Crowders Creek by Rev. and Mrs. W. P. Grier; Neely's Creek by Rev. O. W. Carmichael, Elder W. S. Lesslie and Mrs. N. B. Williams; Rock Hill by Rev. Dr. A. S. Rogers; Sharon and Tirzah by Rev. E. B. Hunter and Deacon G. W. White-sides of Sharon. Rev. J. G. Dale conducted the service, which consisted of topical talks and prayer following each subject—silent prayer and audible prayer. The immediate object of the occasion was to pray for a revival in the Associate Reformed church. There was prayer for improved moral conditions in the United States, for the success of American armies, for an awakening as to the necessity of more energetic and effective church work.

awkward position. There were several American battleship is to have 16-inch crooked deals about the affair, but guns of forty-five and fifty calibre.

day swore in 100 Jews as recruits for er. People generally are expressing adelphia as a German spy. Posing as a ministerial student Ainly never left a ministerial student Ainly never the house until 12 o'clock at night, returning at daybreak. The landlady's returning a taybreak. A search of suspicions were aroused. A search of his room disclosed maps and other in-Montreal, Canada, because of the in-stitution's "devoted service and sacri-fice toward Canada's part in the war."

adopted resolutions of sympathy for the 166 I. W. W.'s now under indict-ment in Chicago. Bentall is under sentence of one year for obstructing Heath Springs, spent Sunday with the draft.......Archbishop Prendergast Rev. J. W. H. Dyches and family at

Tom Ashley, who lived on M. L. Harmon's place about seven miles west of King's Mountain, N. C., shot and killed William Walker last Monday. It is alleged that Ashley had previously taken Walker's wife unto himself, and the killing resulted when Walker took his children to see their mother. Ashley is in jall in Shelby. battalion at Little Rock, Arkansas, are awaiting courtmartial because of a riot in their mess hall, during which a

white non-commissioned officer was severely injured a few days ago...... A bill has been introduced in congress by Representative Ayers, Democrat of Kansas, to regulate the price of cotton, wearing apparel, hides, leather, wool, farm implements and fertilizer.........W. L. Bush, a tea merchant, shot

raising \$100,000,000.

SOUTH CAROLINA NEWS. - Mr. Charles Crossland a leading are moving to Rock Hill today.

Mrs. Sam Jackson returned from Charlotte, N. C., Saturday where she visited her father, Mr. Thomas T. B. after a long illness.

- Albert A. Richardson, of Columbia, former chief game warden, has commenced his candidacy for railroad commissioner to succeed John G. Richards who is in the race for governor.

- The coroner's jury investigating the death of the 12 people who were killed on the Southern train near Columbia, last Monday afternoon, put the blame on the crew of train No. 18. and especially on Flagman H. Locklier, who failed to place torpedoes on the track to warn train No. 42.

- Attorney General Peeples has giv en an opinion in a letter to M. J. Mil-ler, secretary of the sinking fund com-mission on the act providing for in surance on cotton warehouses through the commission, as passed by the last session of the legislature. The act is not yet signed by the governor. The commission at a meeting last week is not yet signed by the governor. The commission at a meeting last week asked for an opinion on the act. The attorney general holds that "the act does not in any way subject the funds held by the commission for the benefit of creditors in public schools for the payment of insurance losses and in my opinion the act is a wise conthe payment of insurance losses and in my opinion the act is a wise one for the general benefit of the public, which will protect the producers of cotton, the basis of our prosperity, against the extortionate and exorbiant taxes, which might otherwise be laid upon them by the insurance trust The attorney general holds that "If as is to be anticipated, the governor, the insurance commissioner and the comp-troller general use ordinary care in determining the sufficiency of the rate as prescribed by the state warehouse commissioner and, in approving same before it is promulgated as required in this act, there is no appreciative dan-

ger in loss to either the state, coun-lies or school districts." Reformed Presbyterian church of the sor school districts.

— Ten persons were killed instantly, district mentioned were represented, two others died in a short time, and those in York county as follows: The Yorkville church by Rev. J. L. Oates, Elder J. B. Plaxco, Deacon John A. Elder J. B. Plaxco, Deacon John A. and Country of the result of a rear country of the result of a rear country of the result of a rear of of the result o day afternoon. Train No. 42 from Spartanburg crashed into train No. 18 from Greenville. No. 18 had stopped at Frost station for repairs, and about the time the repairs were completed and when the train was moving out. No. 42 crashed into it. All the casu-alties occurred in the rear coaches and most of them in the smoking compart-Editor Yorkville Enquirer:

most of them in the smoking compartments. The dead are: A. Attles, No. 1118. Lady street, Brooklyn, N. Y.; J. B. Marshall, Anderson, S. C.; M. A. Leaman, Greenwood, S. C.; P. F. Baxter, Newberry, S. C.; Garah M. Phell, Kannapolis, N. C.; W. W. Richardson, Atlanta, Ga.; Otis Bagot Brodie, Wagoner, S. C.; J. F. Nathias, no address; H. L. Ivester, Ware Shoals, S. C.; J. C. F. Moates, Newberry, S. C.; W. C. Tomlinson, Raleigh, N. C.; Mrs. Sarah Ellen Johnson, Columbia. All were white, and the two last mentioned died after reaching a hospital. The American built 14-inch guns, with endinged along about last Thursday. It should be a range of over seventeen miles, are about last Thursday. It should be a range of over seventeen miles, are about last Thursday. It should be a range of over seventeen miles, are about last Thursday. It should be a range of over seventeen miles, are about last Thursday. It should be a range of over seventeen miles, are about last Thursday. It should be a range of over seventeen miles, are now pounding the Austrians in Italy at the same character of sand that was used on the hill on the east end of the Allison creek bridge. Here and There knows that there are other roads in this section and several of them in Yorkville, that are in as bad condition or worse, but does not believe that there are any that are so limportant.

Still there are constantly developing anoyances because of the unfortunate change of the name of the town of Yorkville from Yorkville to York.

This change was made by and at the instance of those geniuses behing a sector. Below the instance of those geniuses behing the first properties and the two last mentioned did did after reaching a hospital. All were white, and the two last mentioned did did after reaching a hospital. The lingured, are; Miss E. M. Moore, Flor-now pounding the Austrians in Italy and ence, S. C.; Fred Cornau, New York with results which have elicited excitors, and the two last mentioned did did after reaching a hospital. The lingured, are; Miss E. M. Moore, Flor-now pounding the Austrians in Italy and ence with results which have elicited excitors, and the two last mentioned did defer reaching a hospital. The lingured, are; Miss E. M. Moore, Flor-now pounding the Austrians in Italy and ence. S. C.; Fred Cornau, New York with results which have elicited excitors, are more may be included after reaching a hospital. The lingured, are; Miss E. M. Moore, Flor-now pounding the Austrians in Italy and ence. Sc.; Is as a sellon, Sc.; Is as in kins, Belton, S. C.; Jim Martin, (colored), Columbia, S. C.; Newt Suber
(colored), Jenkinville, S. C.; Mrs. Julia
Smith, Columbia, S. C.; Mrs. Julia
Smith, Columbia, S. C.; Back,
Glendale, S. C.; J. A. Shands, Troy, S.
C.; Mrs. Frank G. Gregory, Independ
ence, Kansas; Mrs. H. F. Inabinet, St.
Matthews, S. C.; G. Galllard, Orangeburg, S. C.; A. S. Tompkins, Edgefield,
S. C.; T. C. Pool, Greenville, S. C.;
Mrs. McL. Kinningsworth, Pomaria, S.
C.; Mrs. Melvin Robertson, St. Matthews, S. C.; Mrs. J. W. Shulen, St.
Matthews, S. C.; Mrs. J. W. Shulen, St.
Matthews, S. C.; Mrs. J. W. Shulen, St.
Matthews, S. C.; Mrs. J. W. Shulen, St.
Matthews, S. C.; Mrs. J. W. Shulen, St.
Matthews, S. C.; Joe Ropp, Columbia,
S. C.; J. O. Meridith, conductor, Columbia, S. C.; W. K. Ruff, Fairfield, S.
C.; J. H. Brown, Westminster, S. C.;
J. C. Franklin, Anderson, S. C.; W. S.
Bonner, Columbia, S. C.; John G.
Kelly, Holly Hill, S. C.; H. M. Morrison, Greenville, S. C.; J. C. McCallister, Greenwood, S. C.; Robt, E. Leveril,
Newberry, S. C.; R. Anderson, Seneca,
B. C.; W. C. Davis, Dover, Ohio: A.
M. Kirby, Princeton, S. C.; H. P.

Sheally, Batesburg, S. C.; J. C. Watson, Ridge Springs, S. C.; A. S. Thompson, Edgefield, S. C.; Mrs. A. S. Thompson, Edgefield, S. C.; R. R. Turner, Peak, S. C.; Mrs. E. R. Jones, no address; Mrs. F. A. Elsieman, McCormick, S. C.; Horace Early, Statesville, N. C.

FORT MILL MATTERS.

orrespondence The Yorkville Enquires Fort Mill, February 26.-The marriage of Miss Mary Boyd and John E. Jones, which took place in Charlotte, Wednesday afternoon, Feb. 20, came as a pleasant surprise to their many friends here. When they left Fort Mill on the noon train on the day of their marriage none of the members of their families or their most intiof their families of their purpose.

Mrs. Jones is an accomplished young
woman, a daughter of Prof. and Mrs.

J. A. Boyd. Mr. Jones is a son of Mr.
and Mrs. W. H. Jones, and is a suc-

and Mrs. V. I. Coessful merchant here.

A beautiful home marriage took place in East Fort Mill, Wednesday afternoon, Feb. 29, at five o'clock, when Miss Hester White became the wife of A. C. Burgess. The ceremony was per-formed by the Rev. R. K. Timmons in the presence of a large number of the relatives and friends of the contracting parties. The decorations were in pink and white and were very tasteful. Refreshments, consisting of a salad course, coffee, cakes and mints, was served. Mrs. Burgess is a daughter of the late Mr. and Mrs. A. S. White, and the a require young woman. The groom is a popular young woman. The groom is a successful business man of Rock Hill. After a trip to several points in Florida, they will make their home in

The Rev. W. S. Goodwin, pastor of the Methodist church here, has been hindered from filling his appointments for two weeks past by a malignant Misses Marguerite and Dorothy Ruff.

Misses Marguerite and Dorothy Ruff,
Emma Kennedy and Isabel Boyd of
Ridgeway, were week-end guests of
Misses Georgia and Kathleen Ott.
Mrs. Halford, a member of the faculty of the Fort Mill school, has resigned to go with her husband who is
a recruiting officer with headquarters
at Spartanburg.
W. B. Twitty and son, Lawrence, of
Heath Springs, spent Sunday with

A. Jr. B. Y. P. U. was also organiz ed, with Martha Dyches as president and Arthur Young, secretary. Twenty-eight members were enrolled in the Jr.

CLOVER CULLINGS.

ondence The Yorkville Enquire Clover, February 27.-Miss Beatrice Robinson spent a few days in Sharon, ast week visiting relatives. Miss Addie Matthews returned from Rock Hill Saturday, where she spent

several days last week.

Mrs. M. B. Neil was a visitor in
Charlotte. Wednesday.

Mr. and Mrs. C. H. Ferguson visited Mr. and Mrs. Sam Robinson on re

Mr. and Mrs. Sam Robinson on route 4 this week.

Mr. and Mrs. Orr Sparrow left Wednesday morning for Charlotte, near which place Mr. Sparrow has a position with the Southern Power Co.

Dr. E. W. Pressly of Camp Sevier, spent Saturday night and Sunday here with his family. Dr. Pressly states that he is very well pleased with his twork and although there are now in the base hospital 1,100 soldiers things are so arranged that when ten o'clock comes at night he is not disturbed unare so arranged that when ten o'clock comes at night he is not disturbed until morning. Dr. says, "One night last week it was raining and very dark I looked out of my room and said 'Well I will not be disturbed tonight like I would be if I were at home in Clover, so ram very well satisfied."

Dr. J. W. Campbell of Camp Sevier, who spent about ten days here with homefolks left Sunday night. One of his friends. Colonel Edds.

his friends, Colonel Epps of Camp Sevier, spent Sunday here with Dr. Campbell. Rev. M. M. Richardson and family

She states Mr. Williams is getting or very nicely.

Miss Louise Guy, who has been visiting, Rev. and Mrs. A. A. McLean left Saturday for her home at Lowry-

Master Horace McGee of Anderson spent several days here last week in the home of Mr. and Mrs. James A.

Page.
Mr. Rufus Sparrow of the Crowder's
Creek section has moved his family to Creek section has moved his family to a farm which he recently purchased from Mr. J. F. Pursley on route No. 3.

Misses Annette and Mamle Moore entertained a few of their friends on Friday evening. The honor guests were Misses Lucia Richardson and Jaunita Matthews, who are leaving our town to make their home in Rock Hill.

Mr. and Mrs. John M. Smith and children and Miss Edith Jackson spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. John Robinson near Gastonia. on near Gastonia. Miss May Plyler of New York was

guest of Mrs. C. H. Ferguson on Saturday night.
The infant child of Mr. and Mrs. Yates Smith of route 3, was buried in Woodside cemetery here Wednesday afternoon at two o'clock. The funeral services were conducted by Rev. W.

Mr. and Mrs. Howard Jackson have two very sick children, Marion and Harry. They have a catarrh trouble.

Possible Under Government Owner ship.—The proposal for a National rail way passenger ticket, good at any time and anywhere until its mileage is exhausted, a proposal, by the way, that has been rejected on first sight by every privately employed railway of-ficial to whom it has ever been sub-mitted, comes forward with new force and vigor, now that the railroads have passed under government control. Why is not a universal railway ticket fea sible, say, as a universal treasury bil or Federal Reserve Bank note? Why should not one, in future, buy mileag-at a postoffice, as one now buys postage or thrift stamps? There is no good reason why it should not be possible for one to carry about with him mileage tickets in denominations corresponding to currency denominations and as freely convertable into transpor tation as is money into commodities. And why should not the government establish a National rate of fare, do all the ticket selling, and close all the railway ticket offices, thus effecting an

PLEA FOR THE BUZZARD

I notice with much regret that the egislature has recently passed the inti-buzzard bill. This action is much to be deplored as the buzzard made by God to be our natural scav-anger and it is very unwise to inter-fere with the carefully adjusted laws of nature. The charge that they bring against the buzzard is that he is a carrier of hog cholera germs.
This charge, however, can never be proved as I have seen it stated that in countries where there are no buzzards